

Module Title:	Theorising Crime		Level:	7	Credit Value: 20
Module code:	SOC708	Cost Centre: GACJ		JACS2	Code: L900
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Semester in which to be offered: Semester 1 With effect t

private study

120

With effect from: September 2012

New/Existing Module	New Module	Title of m replaced	nodule being (if any):	N/A	
Originating Subje	Scie		lth, Medical ociety: Social ⁄	Module Leader: Caroline Gorden	
Module duration (contact hours/ directed/directed private study:	200 hours contact ho (8 x 4 hou directed st	r online)	Status: core/c (identify progr appropriate):		

Percentage taught by Subjects other than 0% originating Subject (please name other Subjects):

Programme(s) in which to be	Pre-requisites per programme	Co-requisites per programme
offered:	(between levels):	(within a level):
MA Criminology and Criminal	None	None
Justice		

## Module Aims:

The module aims to provide a critical analysis of key issues in the theoretical understandings of criminal behaviour and responses to it.

## Expected Learning Outcomes

Knowledge and understanding

On successful completion of the modules students will be able to

- 1. Show a critical awareness and evaluate the relevance of different criminological theories and their application and to working with offenders in the criminal justice system.
- 2. Demonstrate a critical understanding of criminological and psychological theories of crime in the context of the wider social and political context.
- 3. Critically analyse the relationship between criminological theory and research and its relationship to criminal justice and social policy.
- 4. Critically examine the philosophical arguments that underpin and justify the use of incarceration in the 21<sup>st</sup> century and examine the use and role of prison in other countries.
- 5. Critically examine the social construction of crime and the criminal justice system.
- Transferable/Key Skills and other attributes:

On successfully completing the module students will have developed Investigative skills

IT skills Writing skills

Assessment: please indicate the type(s) of assessment (eg examination, oral, coursework, project) and the weighting of each (%). *Details of indicative assessment tasks must be included.* 

Essay: Students will demonstrate a critical understanding of key criminological theories in the wider social and political context.

Assessment	Learning Outcomes to be met	Type of assessment	Weight- ing	Durati on (if exam)	Word count or equivalent if appropriate
1	1-5	Essay	100%		4000

Learning and Teaching Strategies:

A variety of methods will be employed including lead lectures, seminars, small group tutorials on line and face to face.

## Syllabus outline:

Representations of crime in Cinema;

Structural issues in criminology: problems of determinism, problems of subjectivity;

Agency approaches and the attempt to solve the problem of determinism;

The left and criminology: radical, critical, realist?

The right and criminology: libertarian, realist, administrative?

Structuration theory, crime and criminology;

Gender issues in criminology: Why men and why not women?

Late Modernity or Postmodernity? Implications for crime and criminology;

Cultural Criminology;

Early Psychological Theories of Crime;

The contentious role of Investigative psychology;

Sex crime, psychology and the neglect of politics;

Towards theoretical synthesis?: Combining psychological and sociological theories of crime;

From gangs to nations: The criminology of mass murder;

The criminology of terrorism: The inability of criminology to study the globalization of crime.

Essential Reading

Garland, D. (1990) Punishment in Modern Society. Chicago: University of Chicago Press. Garland, D. (2006) The Culture of Control. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Kemshall, H (2003) Understanding Risk in Criminal Justice. Open University Press. Lea, J. (2002) Crime and Modernity. Sage Publications. Maguire, M .et al. (2007) The Oxford Handbook of Criminology. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Newburn, T. ed. (2009) Key Readings in Criminology Devon: Willan Publishing. Pratt, J. et al. eds. (2005) The New Punitiveness. Devon: Willan Publishing. Vold, G. et al. (2002) *Theoretical Criminology*. 5<sup>th</sup> ed. New York: **Oxford University Press.** Williams, K. (2008) *Textbook on Criminology*. 6<sup>th</sup> ed. Oxford: **Oxford University Press.** Webber, C. (2010), Psychology and Crime. London: Sage. Recommended Reading Christie, N. (2001) Crime Control as Industry. New York: Routledge. Foucault, M (1995) Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison. New York: Random House. Hale, C. et al. (2009) Criminology. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Oxford University Press. Hudson, B. (1996) Understanding Justice. Buckingham: Open University. Hudson, B. (2003) Justice in the Risk Society: Challenging and Re-affirming 'justice' in Late Modernity. London: Sage. Jewkes, Y. and Letherby, G. (2002) Criminology: A Reader. London: Sage. Jones, S. (2009) Criminology. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. Oxford: Oxford University Press. McLaughlin, E. and J. Muncie eds. (2006) The Sage Dictionary of Criminology 2nd Edition. London: Sage.

Muncie, J. et al. (2001) *Criminological Perspectives*. London: Sage. Tierney, J. (2009), *Key Perspectives in Criminology*, Berkshire: Open University Press. Walklate, S. (2003) *Understanding Criminology*. **Oxford University Press**.

## **Relevant Journals**

The British Journal of Criminology Theoretical Criminology: an international journal British Journal of Criminal and Community Justice Criminal Justice Studies Criminology and Criminal Justice The Howard League of Criminal Justice Probation Journal